HyperText Markup Language





Html - rfc1866 rfc2854

World Wide Web

The WorldWideWeb (W3) is a wide-area hypermedia information retrieval initiative aiming to give universal access to a large universe

Everything there is online about W3 is linked directly or indirectly to this document, including an executive summary of the project, N

What's out there?

Pointers to the world's online information, subjects, W3 servers, etc.

Help

on the browser you are using

Software Products

A list of W3 project components and their current state. (e.g. <u>Line Mode</u> ,X11 <u>Viola</u> , <u>NeXTStep</u> , <u>Servers</u> , <u>Tools</u> , <u>Mail robot</u> , <u>Lib</u> Technical

Details of protocols, formats, program internals etc

<u>Bibliography</u>

Paper documentation on W3 and references.

People

A list of some people involved in the project.

History

A summary of the history of the project.

How can I help?

If you would like to support the web..

Getting code

Getting the code by anonymous FTP, etc.

In March 1989, Berners-Lee gave managers at CERN a proposal for an information management system that used hypertext to link documents on different computers that were connected to the Internet. (Hypertext, a term coined in 1963, allows a person to get a document or piece of content by clicking on a coded word or phrase.)



Xml – (Extensible Markup Language) - rfc5364

```
<note>
    <to>Tove</to>
    <from>Jani</from>
    <heading>Reminder</heading>
    <body>Don't forget me this weekend!</body>
</note>
```

Esempi:

https://www.w3schools.com/xml/xml_examples_asp

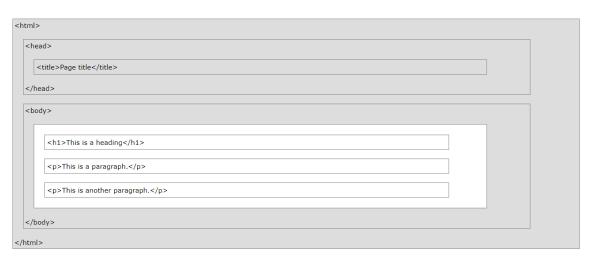
Pubblicato nel 1998 - https://www.w3.org/XML/

XML supporta lo scambio di informazioni tra sistemi informatici come siti Web, database e applicazioni di terze parti

https://aws.amazon.com/it/what-is/xml/

Html - rfc1866 rfc2854

HTML elements are the building blocks of HTML pages



Html - rfc1866 rfc2854

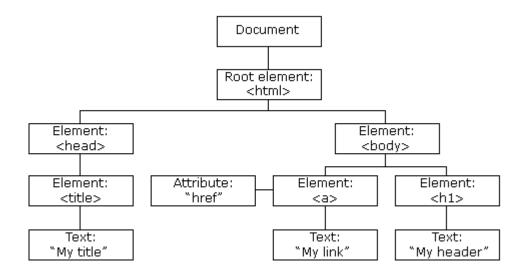
https://www.w3schools.com/whatis/whatis html.asp

Attribute	Example
id	<table <="" id="table01" td=""></table>
class	
style	
data-	<div <b="">data-id="500"></div>
onclick	<input onclick="myFunction()"/>
onmouseover	

Html e DOM

The HTML DOM (Document Object Model)

When a web page is loaded, the browser creates a **D**ocument **O**bject **M**odel of the page.



With the HTML DOM, JavaScript can access and change all the elements of an HTML document.

CSS - Cascading Style Sheets - rfc7993

CSS describes how **HTML** elements are to be **displayed**

```
color:lightblue; text-align:center;}
h1 {color:blue; font-size:40px;}
p {font-family:verdana; font-size:20px;}
</style>
```

My First CSS Heading

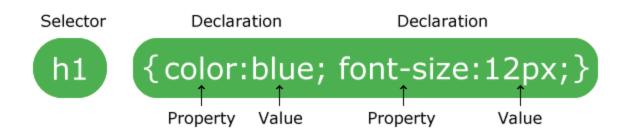
My first CSS paragraph.

https://www.w3schools.com/whatis/whatis css.asp



CSS - Cascading Style Sheets - rfc7993

A CSS rule consists of a **selector** and a **declaration** block:



https://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css_selectors.asp

https://www.w3schools.com/cssref/trysel.asp



CSS - Cascading Style Sheets - rfc7993

Bootstrap

Build responsive, mobile-first projects on the web with the world's most popular front-end component library.

Bootstrap is an open source toolkit for developing with HTML, CSS, and JS. Quickly prototype your ideas or build your entire app with our Sass variables and mixins, responsive grid system, extensive prebuilt components, and powerful pluqins built on jQuery.

Get started

Download

Currently v4.3.1



Primary Secondary Success Danger Warning Info Light Dark Link

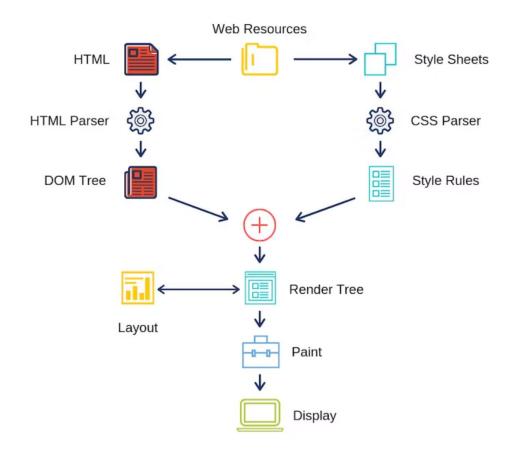
<button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">Primary</button>
<button type="button" class="btn btn-secondary">Secondary</button>
<button type="button" class="btn btn-secondary">Secondary</button>
<button type="button" class="btn btn-secondary">Secondary</button>







How Do Web Browsers Work?



https://hackernoon.com/how-do-web-browsers-work-40cefd2cb1e1