Business Process Digitalization and Cloud Computing 14. Camunda Practice

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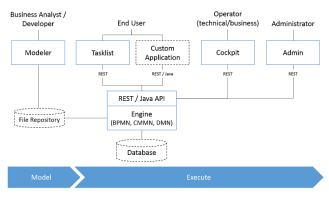
Computer Science Division

November 27, 2018



Introduction

- Camunda is a Java-based framework supporting BPMN for workflow and process automation
- CMMN for Case Management
- DMN for Business Decision Management

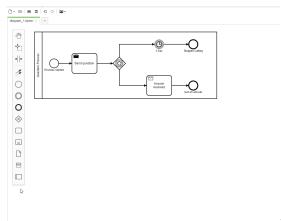


Process Engine

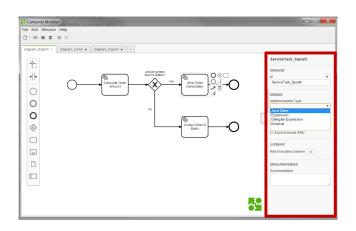
- The process engine is a Java library responsible for executing BPMN
 2.0 processes, CMMN
 1.1 cases and DMN
 1.1 decisions
- Spring Framework Integration
- CDI/Java EE Integration
- Runtime Container Integration

Modeler

- Camunda Modeler is a desktop application for modeling BPMN, DMN and CMMN.
- It allows you to model files located directly on your local file system.
- **bpmn.io** the online version

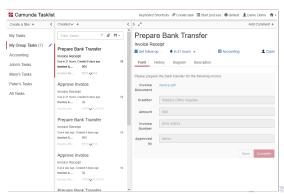


BPMN 2.0 Properties for Execution

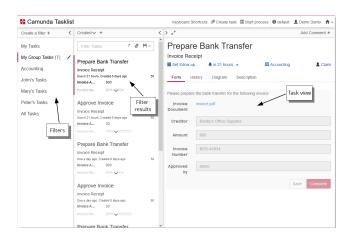


Tasklist

- Camunda Tasklist is used to organize work on tasks that are supposed to be complete by an user.
- The engine assigns those tasks to end users as defined in the model.
- When end users click on a task in Camunda Tasklist, they will see a task form that displays information and asks them to enter data.

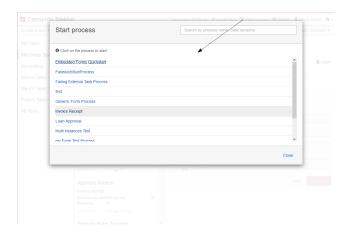


Dashboad



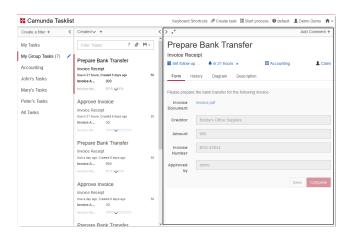
On the dashboard of Tasklist you see an overview of pending tasks.

Start a Process



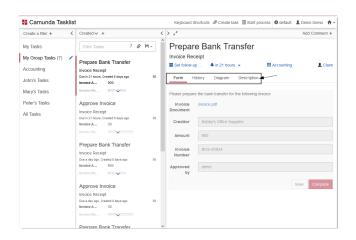
To start a process instance via Tasklist, click on Start process in the header menu and select a process out of the displayed list of process definitions.

Task View

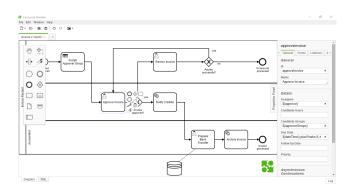


On the right section of the dashboard, you can see the task view. Here you can work on tasks and perform the following operational actions.

Task Detail Tabs



Implementing Initial Assignement



When a task is created, it is initially assigned to a user or group

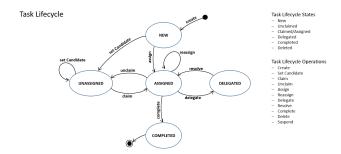
Claiming a task in Tasklist

In Tasklist, a user can only work on a task if the task is assigned to that user.

This means that a user must claim a task if it is not yet assigned to him.

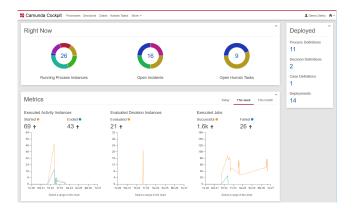
Task Lifecycle

The diagram shows the task lifecycle and supported transitions managed by Camunda BPM.



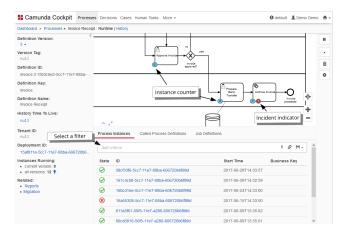
Camunda Cockpit

 A web application for process monitoring and operations that allows you to search for process instances, inspect their state and repair broken instances.

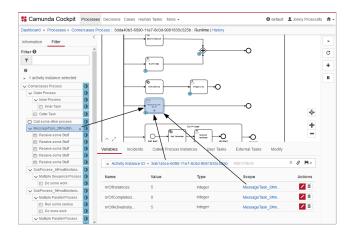


Process Definition View

The process definition view provides you with information about the definition and the status of a process.



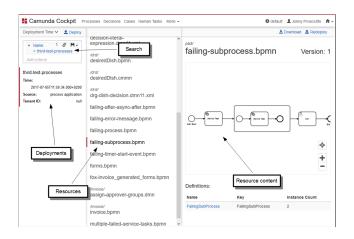
Process Instance View



This view allows you to drill down into a single process instance and **explore its running activities** as well as the variables, tasks, jobs, etc.

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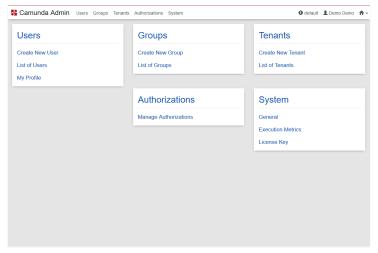
Deployment View



The deployment view of Cockpit shows an overview of all **deployments**, their **resources** and the content of these resources.

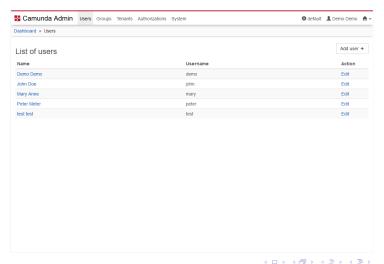
Camunda Admin

 A web application that allows you to manage users, groups and authorizations.



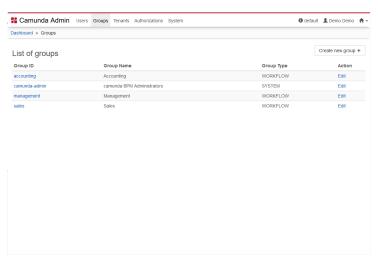
User Management

The Users menu allows you to **add, edit and delete user profiles**. Furthermore, you can manage group membership and change passwords.



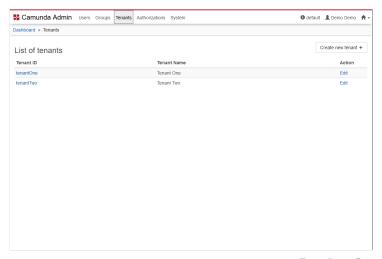
Group Management

The Groups menu allows you to add, edit and delete user groups. Beside that you can view the members of groups



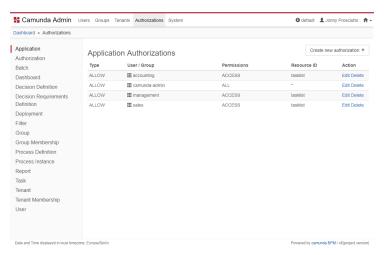
Tenant Management

The Tenants menu allows you to add, edit and delete tenants. Beside that you can view which user or group is a member of a tenant.



Authorization Management

Manage authorizations for a variety of resources (e.g., Applications, Groups, Filters).



Authorization Management

- Application Access: Set the authorizations for the new group and the created users
- Filter Access: The filter can set authorization in the tasklist
- Member Visibility: Depending on the users authorization, Tasklist will show you information about your colleagues and groups.
- Application-Specific Permissions: It is possible to set permission for every applications and specific instances

Camunda in Practice

Prerequisites

Before downloading Camunda, make sure you have a JRE (Java Runtime Environment), or better, a **JDK** (Java Development Kit) installed. The Java 8 is recommended.

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk8-downloads-2133151.html

Download the Runtime

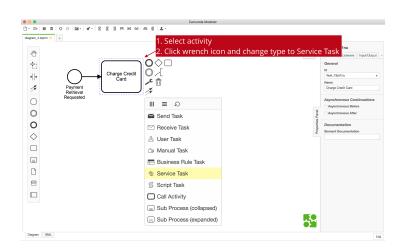
- Download a distribution of the Camunda BPM platform.
- You can choose from different distributions for various application servers. In this tutorial, well use the Apache Tomcat-based distribution.

Download Camunda from here

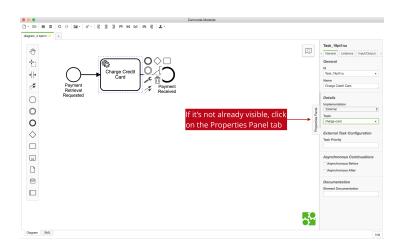
- Execute the script named start-camunda.bat (for Windows users) or start-camunda.sh (for Unix users).
- This script will start the application server and open a welcome screen in your web browser or go to http://localhost:8080/camunda-welcome/index.html.

Camunda External Task

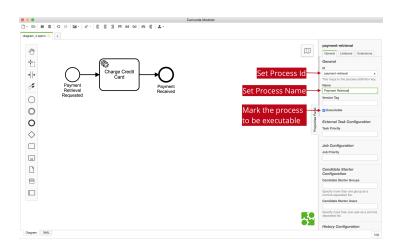
Create a new BPMN Diagram



Configure the Service Task



Configure Properties for Process



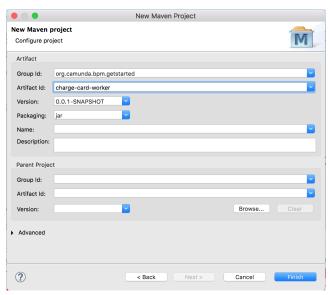
Implement an External Task Worker

Prerequisites

Make sure you have the following tools installed:

- JDK 1.8
- An IDE for Java projects (e.g. Eclipse)

Create a New Maven Project



Add Camunda External Task Client Dependency

Pom.xml

```
\label{eq:continuous} $$\operatorname{project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema=instance" xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven=4.0.0.xsd"> (modelVersion> 4.0.0 (modelVersion> (sgroupld>org.camunda.bpm.getstarted</groupld> (sartifactld>charge=-card=worker</artifactld> (version>0.0.1=SNAPSHOT<//version> (dependencies> (dependencies> (sgroupld>org.camunda.bpm</groupld> (sartifactld>camunda-external=task=client</artifactld> (version>1.0.0</a> (version>1.0.0</a> (version>1.0.0</a> (dependency> (dependencies> (dependencies> (dependencies> (dependencies> (project>)
```

Add the Java Class

- Create a new package org.camunda.bpm.getstarted.chargecard
- Add the Java Class add a Java class, e.g. ChargeCardWorker

```
import java.util.logging.Logger;
import org.camunda.bpm.client.ExternalTaskClient;
public class ChargeCardWorker {
  private final static Logger LOGGER = Logger.getLogger(ChargeCardWorker.class.getName());
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     ExternalTaskClient client = ExternalTaskClient.create()
       .baseUrl("http://localhost:8080/engine-rest")
       .build():
     // subscribe to an external task topic as specified in the process
     client.subscribe("charge-card")
       .lockDuration(1000) // the default lock duration is 20 seconds, but you can override this
       .handler((externalTask, externalTaskService) -> {
    // Put your business logic here
    // Get a process variable
    String item = (String)externalTask.getVariable("item");
    Long amount = (Long) externalTask.getVariable("amount");
    LOGGER.info("Charging credit card with an amount of "" + amount + "' for the item "" + item + "'..."):
    // Complete the task
    externalTaskService.complete(externalTask):
  .open();
```

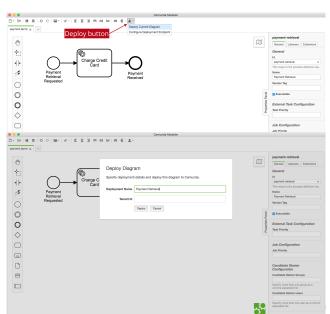
Run the Worker

Errors

In case of errors please make sure that the compiler is 1.8 for the jdk in windows -> preferences -> java -> compiler ->configure project specific settings

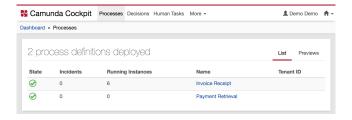
You can run the Java application by right clicking on the class ChargeCardWorker and choosing Run as Java.

Deploy the Process "Payment Retrieval"



Verify the Deployment with Cockpit

• Go to http://localhost:8080/camunda/app/cockpit



Start a Process Instance

REST Client: Make a POST request to the following endpoint: http://localhost:8080/engine-rest/process-definition/key/payment-retrieval/start
The JSON Body should look like this:

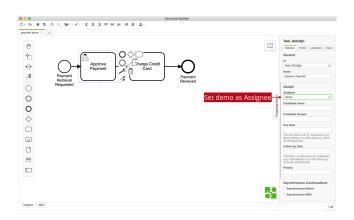
```
{
    "variables": {
        "amount": {
            "value":555,
            "type":"long"
        },
        "item": {
            "value": "item—xyz"
        }
    }
```

Start a Process Instance

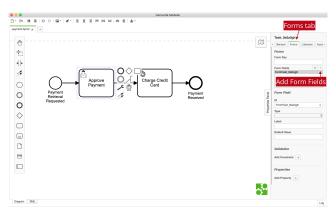
Make sure you are setting the headers correctly to **Content-Type:** application/json

```
http://ocehost/8085/ • + ···
                     Collections
                                         PDST > http://localhost/8080/engine-rest/process-definition/key/payment-retrieval/start
                                      Authorization Headers (1) Body • Pre-request Soriot Tests
Azure AD v2.0 Protocols
                                      ○ form-data ○ x-www-form-unlencoded ● raw ○ binary (SON (application(son) >
Brazil
                                                        "volue":555
Camunda
                                                        "volue": "item-xvz"
Postman Echo
                                      Body Cookies (3) Headers (4) Test Results
                                               Raw Preview JSON ∨ ⇒
                                                 "Links": E
                                                ],
"id": "dd25cd95-4978-11e8-9214-8ed6cd9f52f1",
                                                "definitionId": "payment-retrieval:5:0015093c-4960-11e8-9214-EeoSco0f52f1",
                                                "businessKey": null,
                                                "caseInstanceId": mull.
                                                "suspended": folse,
"tenont[d": null
                                        14
15
16 }
```

Add a User Task



Configure a basic form in the User Task



• Field1

▶ ID: amount

Type: long

Label: Amount

• Field2

▶ ID: item

Type: string

► Label: Item

• Field3

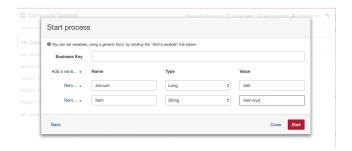
ID: approved

Type: boolean

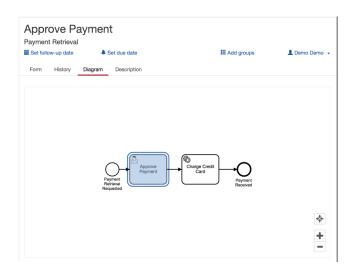
Label: Approved?

Work on the Task

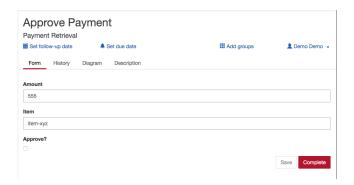
- After the deploy of the process "Payment Retrieval"
- Go to Tasklist http://localhost:8080/camunda/app/tasklist
- Click on start process



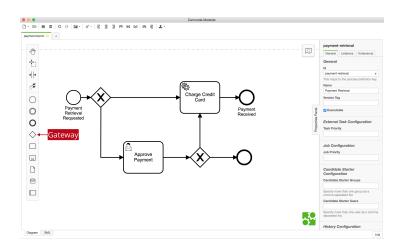
Approve Payment in the Task List



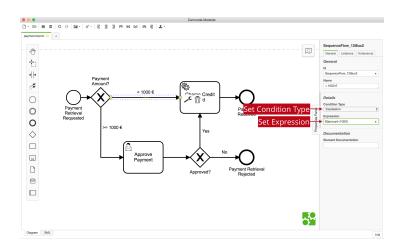
Approve Payment in the Task List



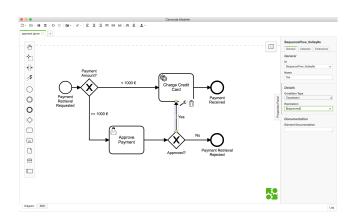
Add Two Gateways



Configure the Gateways

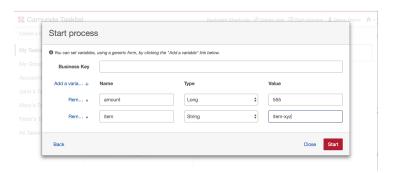


Configure the Gateways

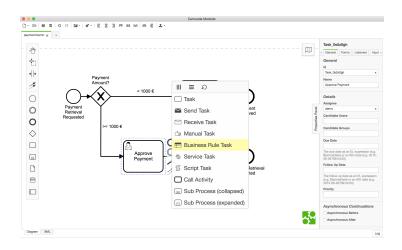


Work on the Task

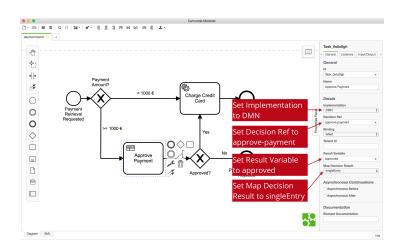
- After the deploy of the process "Payment Retrieval"
- Go to Tasklist http://localhost:8080/camunda/app/tasklist
- Click on start process
- make sure you use an amount that is larger or equal to 1000 in order to see the User Task Approve Payment



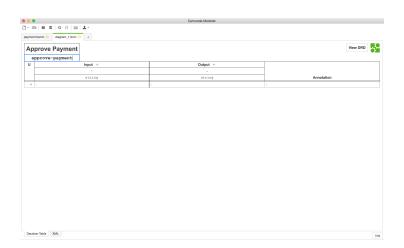
Add a Business Rule Task to the Process



Configure the Business Rule Task

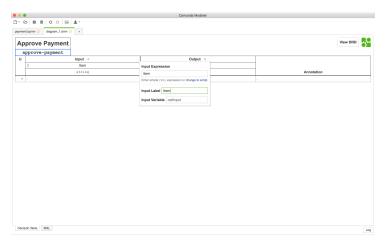


Create a DMN table



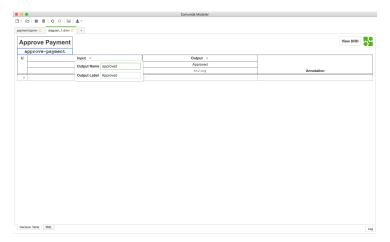
DMN Table

or the input column, use item as the Input Expression and Item as the Input Label:

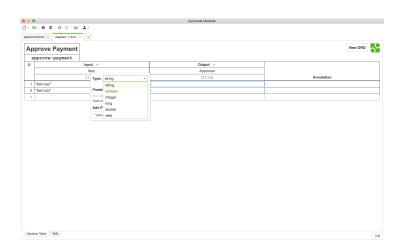


DMN Table

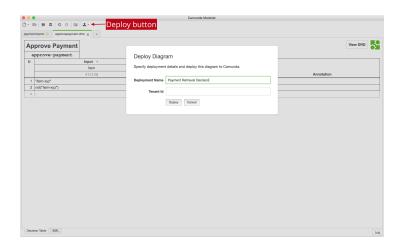
Use approved as the Output Name and Approved as the Output Label for the output column Approved



DMN Table

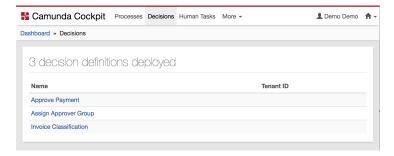


Deploy the DMN Table

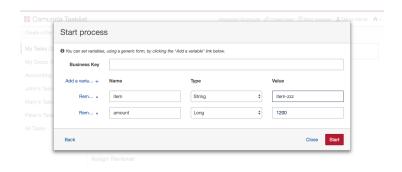


Verify the Deployment with Cockpit

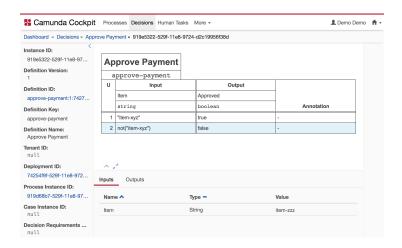
http://localhost:8080/camunda/app/cockpit



Start the Process



Inspect using Cockpit and Tasklist



Youll see that depending on the input, the worker will either charge or not charge the credit card.

Questions?