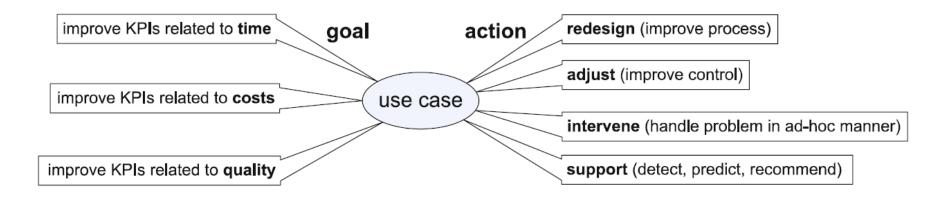
Process Mining



Lesson 9 – Process Mining Topics

Analyzing Lasgna Processes

- ☐ Lasagna Processes have a clear structure and the flow is not more or less the same
- ☐ Input and putput are well defined
- ☐ Fitness is more that 80% of cases



Analyzing Spaghetti Processes

☐ Counterpart of Lasagna Processes: less structured!

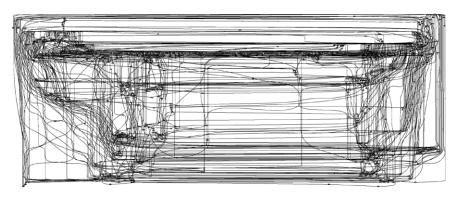
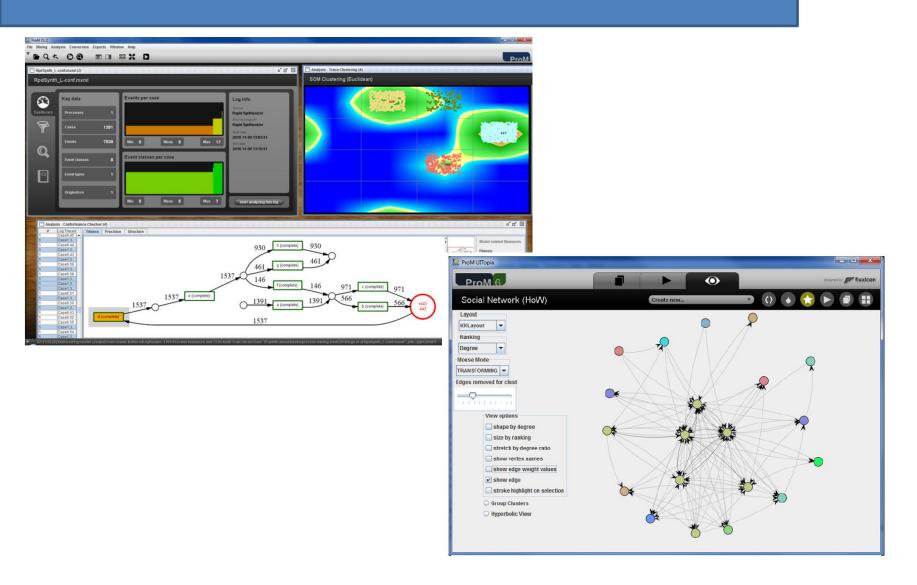
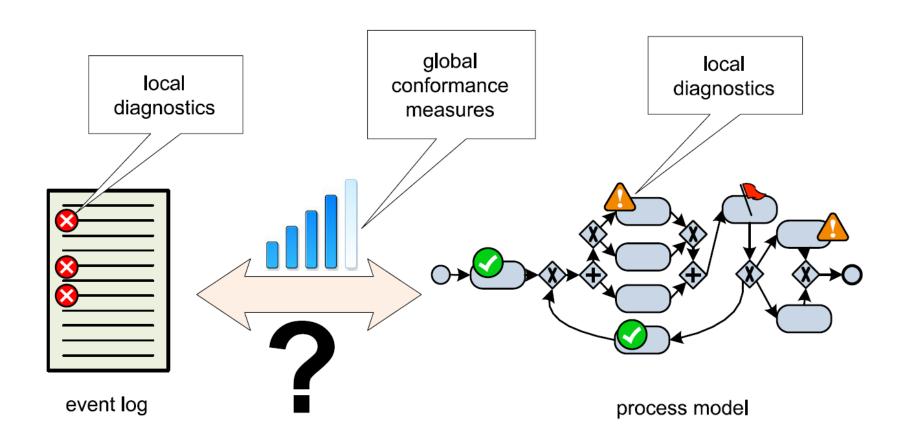


Fig. 12.1 Spaghetti process describing the diagnosis and treatment of 2765 patients in a Dutch hospital. The process model was constructed based on an event log containing 114,592 events. There are 619 different activities (taking event types into account) executed by 266 different individuals (doctors, nurses, etc.)

- ☐ Filter the activities
- ☐ Do not try to do a complete Business Process Model
- ☐ Try to mine the more common behaviors (fuzzy mining)

Tools





- ☐ Improve the Business Process model checking if there are wrong behaviors (GOAL)
- ☐ Improve the Business Process model including new behaviors that are correct, executed but not modeled (GOAL)
- To check if behaviors are possible Replay technique can be used
- ☐ We can check how many traces can be executed in a WF-Net

Fitness: «the proportion of behavior in the event log possible according to the model»

We did it in replay game!! But now we should consider also:

- > p: produced token
- > c: consumed token
- > m: mission token
- r: remaining token

Fitness of a Trace:

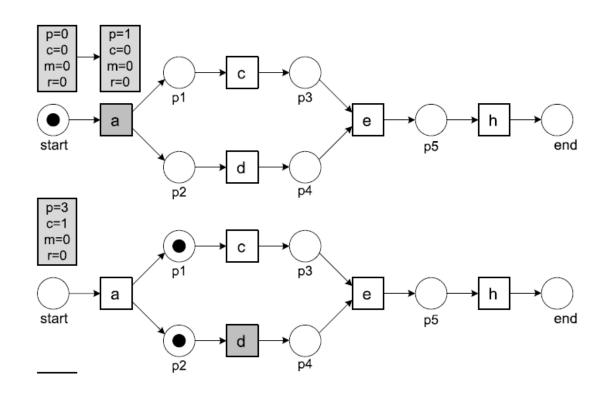
The fitness of a case with trace σ on WF-net N is defined as follows:

$$fitness(\sigma, N) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{m}{c} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{r}{p} \right)$$

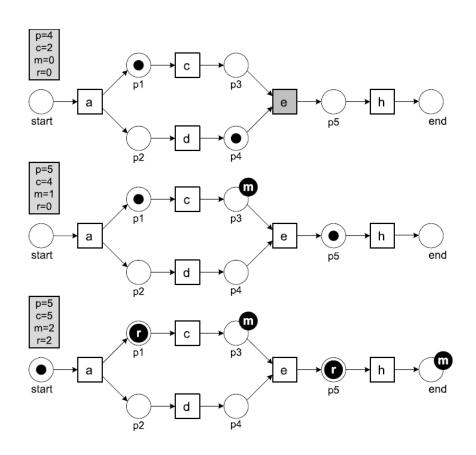
Fitness of a Log:

$$\mathit{fitness}(L,N) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\sum_{\sigma \in L} L(\sigma) \times m_{N,\sigma}}{\sum_{\sigma \in L} L(\sigma) \times c_{N,\sigma}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\sum_{\sigma \in L} L(\sigma) \times r_{N,\sigma}}{\sum_{\sigma \in L} L(\sigma) \times p_{N,\sigma}} \right)$$

$$\sigma_2 = \langle a, b, d, e, g \rangle$$



$$\sigma_2 = \langle a, b, d, e, g \rangle$$



QUESTIONS?