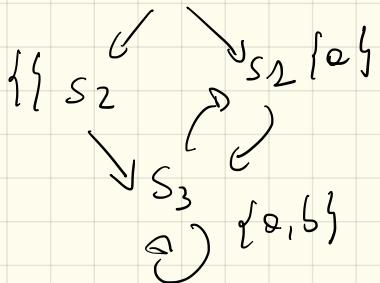


$\rightsquigarrow S_0 \{a\}$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\text{Trace}(\pi_3) = (\{e\} \{\{a, b\}\} | \{a\} \{a\} \{a, b\})^*$$
$$(\{a\} \{a\} \{a, b\})$$
$$(\{a, b\}^* (\{a\} \{a, b\})^+)^+$$



$$\begin{aligned} \pi_1 & S_0 S_2 S_3^\omega \\ \pi_2 & S_0 S_2 (S_3 S_2)^\omega \\ \pi_3 & S_0 (S_1 S_3)^\omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{14} (S_0 S_2 S_3 | S_0 S_1 S_3) [S_3^* (S_1 S_3)^+]^\omega$$

$$\textcircled{15} (S_0 S_2 S_3 | S_0 S_1 S_3) [S_3^* (S_2 S_3)^+]^+ S_3^\omega$$

$$\text{Trace}(\pi_1) = \{a\} \{\{a, b\}\}^\omega \quad \text{Trace}(\pi_2) = \{a\} \{\{(\{a, b\} \{a\})\}^\omega$$

$$\text{Trace}(\pi_3) = \{a\} (\{a\} \{a, b\})^\omega$$

$$\text{Trace}(\pi_4) = (\{a\} \{\{a, b\} | \{a\} \{a\} \{a, b\}\} (\{a, b\}^* (\{a\} \{a, b\})^+)^*)^\omega$$

$$AP = \{x=0, x>1\}$$

1) false $E_1 = \{\}$

2) initially x is equal to zero $E_2 = \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega \mid$

SAFETY
 $x=0 \in A_0\}$

Bad Prefix: $\{x>1\} \dots$

(Minimal) $\{\} \dots$

3) initially x differs from zero $E_3 = \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega \mid$

SAFETY
 $x=0 \notin A_0\}$

MBP: $\{x=0\} \dots$

4) initially x is equal to zero, but at some point x exceeds one

$E_4 = \{A_0 A_1 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega \mid x_{\geq 0} \in A_0 \wedge \exists j \in \mathbb{N}: j > 0 \wedge x_{\geq j} \in A_j\}$

E_4 is a MIXED property:

$$\text{SAFE} = \{A_0 A_1 \dots \mid x=0 \in A_0\} \cap \text{LIVE} = \{A_0 A_1 \dots \mid$$

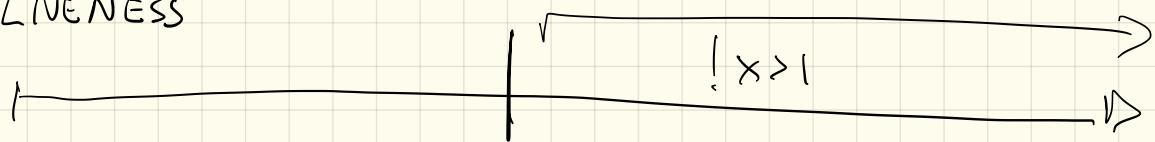
$$\exists j \in \mathbb{N} : j \leq 0 \wedge x > j \in A_j\}$$

5) x exceeds one only

finitely many times

$$E_5 = \{A_0 A_1 \dots \in (2^{\text{AP}})^\omega \mid x$$

LIVENESS



$$*\exists j \in \mathbb{N} : \forall i \in \mathbb{N}, i \geq j \Rightarrow x > i \notin A_i\}$$

$$\forall i \in \mathbb{N}, x > i \notin A_i \quad (\text{equivalent})$$

6) x exceeds one infinitely often $E_6 \{A_0 A_1 \dots \mid \exists i \in \mathbb{N} :$

$$x > i \in A_i\}$$

LIVENESS

7) The value of x alternates between zero and two

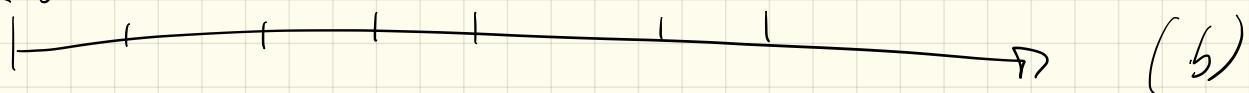
$$x=0 \quad x=2 \quad k=0 \quad x=2 \quad \dots$$



$$x=2 \quad x=0 \quad x=2 \quad x=0 \quad \dots$$

OR

$$x=0 \quad x=0 \quad x=0 \quad x=2 \quad x=2 \quad \dots \quad x=2 \quad x=0 \quad \dots$$



$$x=2 \quad x=2 \quad \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \quad E_7 = \{ & A_0, A_1, \dots, G(2^{AP})^\omega \mid \forall i \in \mathbb{N} \left(x=0 \in A_{2i} \wedge \right. \\ & \left. x=1 \in A_{2i+1} \right) \vee \end{aligned}$$

SAFETY

$$BP: \{x=0\} \{x=0\} \dots$$

$$\left(x=1 \in A_{2i} \wedge x=0 \in A_{2i+1} \right) \}$$

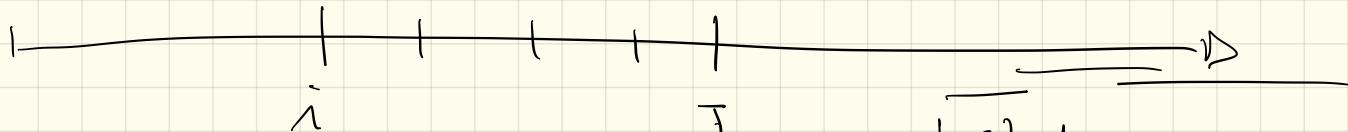
$$E_7^{(b)} = \left\{ A_0, A_1, \dots \in (2^{\text{AP}})^\omega \mid \forall i \in \mathbb{N} \left[(x=0 \in A_i) \Rightarrow (\exists j \in \mathbb{N} : \right. \right.$$

$j > i \wedge x > 2 \in A_j \wedge (\forall k \in \mathbb{N} :$

$$\left. \left. i < k < j \Rightarrow x=0 \in A_k \right) \right] \wedge$$

$$[(x>1) \in A_i \Rightarrow (\exists j \in \mathbb{N} : j > i \wedge x=0 \in A_j \wedge (\forall k \in \mathbb{N} : *$$

$$x=0 \quad x=0 \quad x=0 \quad x=0 \quad x>1$$



$$* i < k < j \Rightarrow x>1 \in A_k \Big) \Big) \Big\} \Big]$$

SAFETY BP: $\{x=0\} \setminus \{ \}$

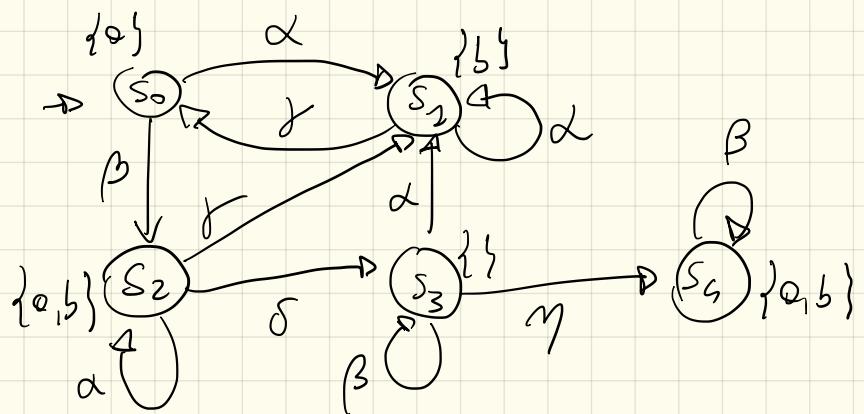
8) true

$$E_8 = (2^{\text{AP}})^\omega$$

SAFETY AND

LIVENESS (the only one)

$P: \exists \alpha \in \omega: A_\alpha = \{a, b\} \wedge \exists m > 0: \forall k > n. (\alpha \in A_k \Rightarrow b \in A_{k+1})$



$$F_1 = \left\{ \{\alpha\}, \{\{\beta\}, \{\delta, \gamma\}, \{\eta\}\}, \emptyset \right\}$$

$$F_2 = \left\{ \{\alpha\}, \{\{\beta\}, \{\gamma\}, \{\eta\}\}, \{\{\eta\}\} \right\}$$

- $\overline{T} \models_P F_1$
- 1) any run ending in s_n^ω is not fair due to α -cond
 - 2) any run ending in $(s_0 s_2 s_2)^\omega$ is not fair u " "
 - 3) u u b u s_3^ω is not fair u "
 - 4) any run passing infinitely many times in s_3 is not fair
(due to (η) strong)
 - 5) any run ending in s_2^ω or s_1^ω is not fair due to strong fairness of $\{\delta, \gamma\}$

6) Runs ending in $(s_0 s_2)^\omega$ are not fair due to strong fairness of β

The only fair runs are those that pass through s_0, s_2, s_1 infinitely many times, but pass through s_3 only finitely many times.

We have that P is true under the fairness assumption

F_1 .

F_2 : The runs in which we pass through s_0, s_2, s_3 and s_1 infinitely many times are fair

P is not satisfied because from s_2 to s_3 we have
 $a \in L(s_2)$ and $b \notin L(s_3)$