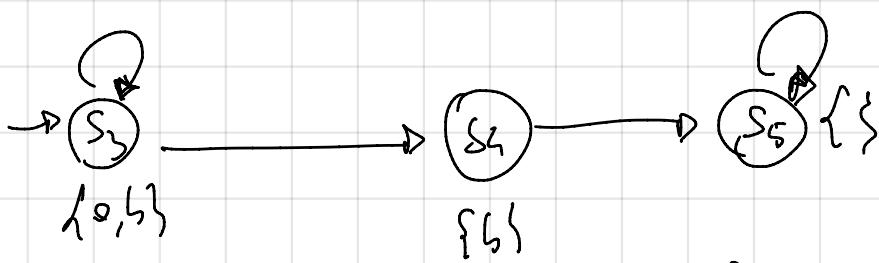


EX [2.4]



fair:  $(D \leftrightarrow (a \wedge b)) \rightarrow D \leftrightarrow \gamma c \wedge (D \leftrightarrow (a \wedge b) \rightarrow D \wedge \gamma b)$

which are the fair paths?

unfair  $\bar{T}_2$ :  $(S_0 S_1)^\omega \rightsquigarrow (\{a, b\} \setminus \{b\})^\omega$

fair  $T_2$ :  $(S_0 S_1)^+ S_2^\omega = \{(S_0 S_2)^m S_2^\omega \mid m > 0\} \rightsquigarrow (\{a, b\} \setminus \{b\})^+ \cdot \{a\}^\omega$

unfair  $\bar{T}_3$ :  $(S_3)^\omega \rightsquigarrow \{a, b\}^\omega$

fair  $\bar{T}_4$ :  $S_3^+ S_4 S_5^\omega \rightsquigarrow \{a, b\}^+ \{b\} \{\emptyset\}^\omega$

5.4 EX

a)  $\Box(\text{Peter.use} \rightarrow \neg \text{Betsy.use} \wedge \text{Betsy.use} \rightarrow \neg \text{Peter.use})$   
 $\equiv \Box \neg (\text{Peter.use} \wedge \neg \text{Betsy.use})$

b)  $\Box(\text{B.use} \rightarrow \lozenge \text{B.release}) \wedge$   
 $\Box(\text{P.use} \rightarrow \lozenge \text{P.release})$

c)  $\Box(\text{B.request} \rightarrow \lozenge \text{B.use}) \wedge$   
 $\Box(\text{P.request} \rightarrow \Diamond \text{P.use})$

d)  $\Box \lozenge \text{P.request} \wedge \Box \Diamond \text{B.request}$

e)  $\Box(\text{P.release} \rightarrow (\neg \text{P.use} \vee \text{B.use})) \wedge$   
 $\Box(\text{B.release} \rightarrow (\neg \text{B.use} \vee \text{P.use}))$

## 5.6 EX

$$\Box a \rightarrow \Diamond b \stackrel{?}{=} \text{true} M(b \vee \neg a)$$

$\downarrow \equiv$

$$t_1' = \{\text{left}^m\ \{b\}\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\neg D_a \vee \Diamond b$$

|||

$$t_2 = \{\neg a\} - - \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Diamond \neg a \vee \Diamond b$$

|||

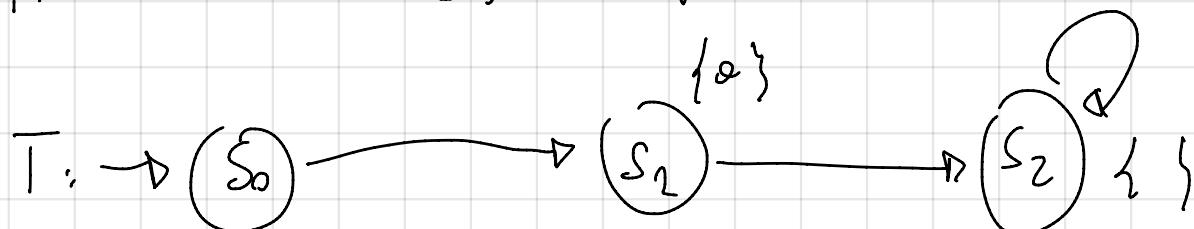
$$\Diamond(\neg a \vee b) \stackrel{?}{=} \text{true} M(b \vee \neg a)$$

Two cases:

- 1) the trace starts with  $\{\text{left}^m\}$   $M \triangleright 0$  will want for  $b \vee \neg a$
- 2) the trace starts with  $\{\neg a\}$   $\rightarrow$  both are satisfied

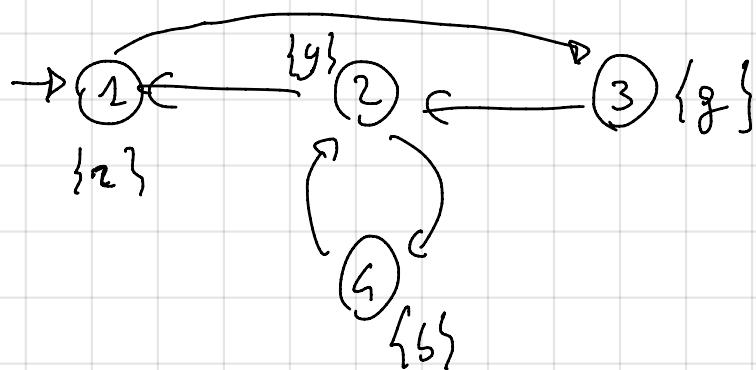
$\hookrightarrow$  this is exactly the same.

$$f) \Diamond a \wedge \neg D_a \stackrel{?}{=} \Diamond a$$

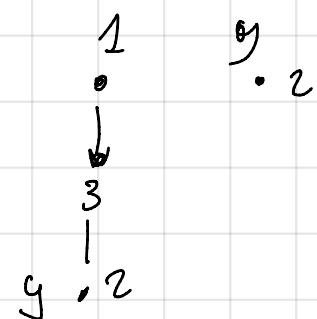


$T \models \Diamond a$  and  $T \not\models \Diamond a \wedge \neg D_a$

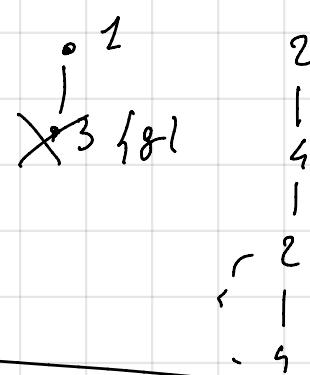
6.1 EX



$$\text{Set}(\forall \Diamond g) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$



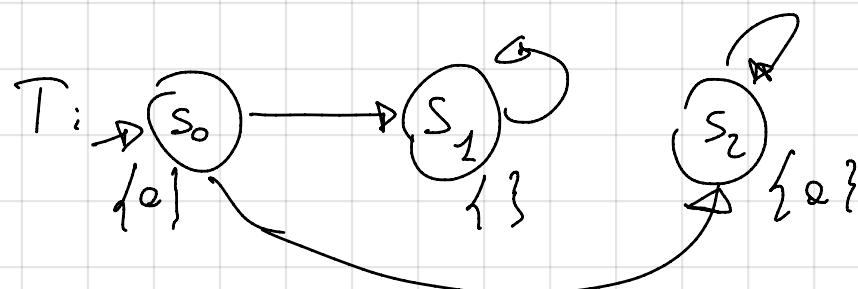
$$\text{Set}(\exists \Box \neg g) = \{2, 4\}$$



$$\text{Set}(\forall (\Diamond A \rightarrow B)) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

6.3 EX  $S \models \exists \Box \varphi \Rightarrow S \models \forall \Diamond \varphi$  NO

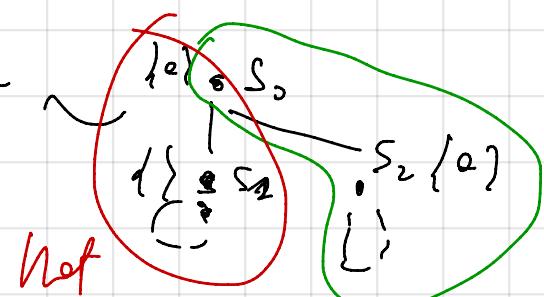
Counterexample



$$\pi = s_0 s_2^\omega \Rightarrow s_0 \models \exists \Box \varphi$$

$$\pi' = s_0 s_1^\omega \Rightarrow s_0 \not\models \forall \Diamond \varphi$$

$$\{s_0\} \{s_1\}^\omega$$



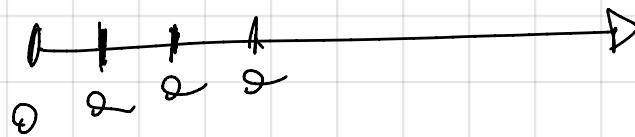
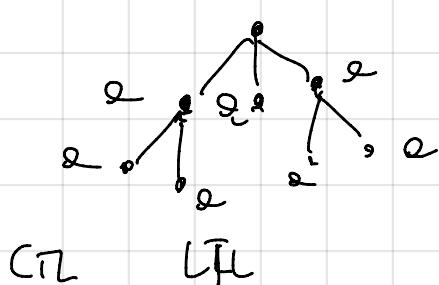
If  $S \models A \Box \varphi$

$\Rightarrow \forall \pi \in \text{Path}(S) : \forall j \in \mathbb{N} \quad \pi_{(j)} \models \varphi$

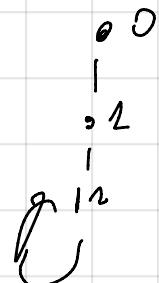
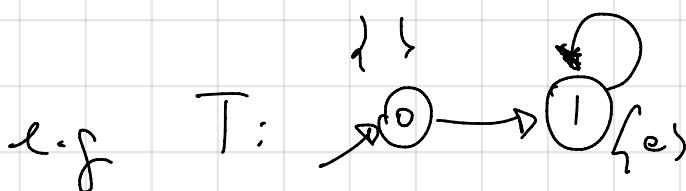
$\Rightarrow \exists \pi \in \text{Path}(S) :$  

because we consider Transition systems that are  
not blocked  $\approx$  for each state  $s$  there is at least  
an outgoing transition

$$\dot{\Phi}_L = A \Box A \Box \varphi \stackrel{?}{=} \Box \varphi \quad \text{EX } [6.14]$$

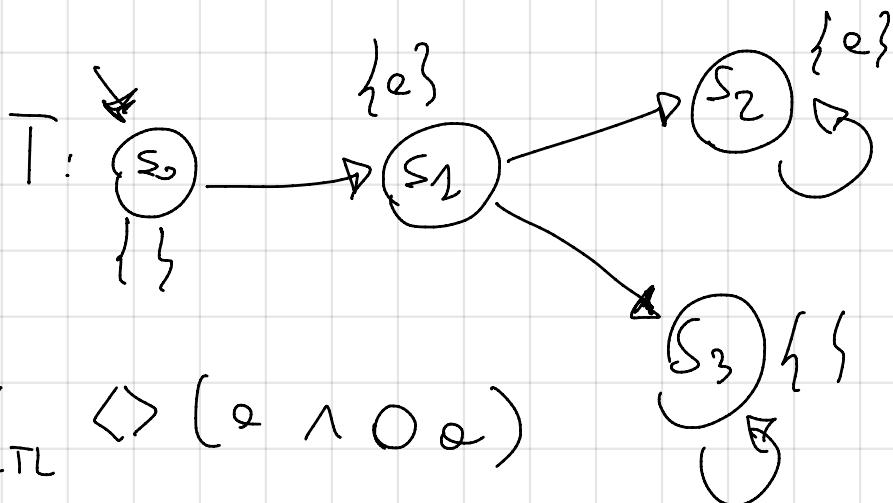


$\dot{\Phi} \equiv \psi$  iff  $\forall$  Transition systems  $T$ :  $T \models_{CTL} \dot{\Phi} \Leftrightarrow T \models_{LTL} \psi$



$$c) \forall \Diamond (\varphi \wedge \exists \Diamond \varphi) \equiv \Diamond (\varphi \wedge \Diamond \varphi)$$

NO

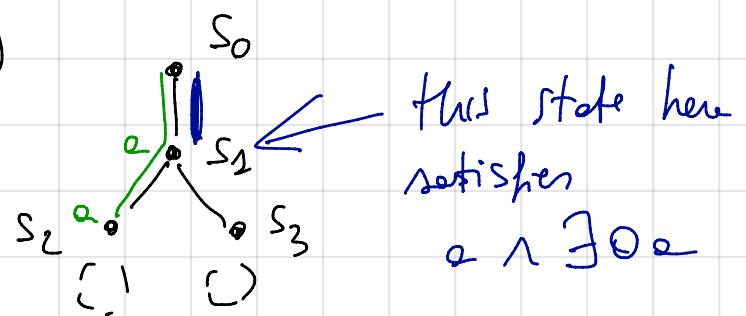


$$T \not\models_{LTL} \Diamond (\varphi \wedge \Diamond \varphi)$$

because  $S_0 S_1 S_2 S_3^\omega \rightsquigarrow \{S\} \{e\} \{S\}^\omega$

$$T \models_{CTL} \forall \Diamond (\varphi \wedge \exists \Diamond \varphi)$$

yes



Ex 6.7

$$\forall O (\exists ((\gamma_a) \cup (b \wedge \gamma_c)) \vee \exists \underline{\square} \underline{O \gamma_e}) \\ = \{ \forall O \psi \equiv \neg \exists O \neg \psi \}$$

$$\forall O (\exists ((\gamma_a) \cup (b \wedge \gamma_c)) \vee \exists \square \exists O \neg \gamma_e)$$

$$= \{ \# \}$$

$$\neg \exists O \neg (\exists ((\gamma_a) \cup (b \wedge \gamma_c)) \vee \exists \square \exists O_{\neg \gamma_e}) \\ \equiv \{ \text{De Morgan} \}$$

$$\neg \exists O (\neg \exists ((\gamma_a) \cup (b \wedge \gamma_c)) \wedge \neg \exists \square \exists O \gamma_e)$$

this is in existential normal form